## Classwork 7, MATH 1113 Harrison Chapman

**1.** Find the roots of the quadratic equation (x-5)(x-8) = 7.

$$x^{2} - 13x + 40 = 7$$

$$x^{2} - 13x + 33 = 0, 50;$$

$$x = \frac{13 \pm \sqrt{13^{2} - 4(1)(53)}}{2}$$

$$x = \frac{-\frac{3}{4}x^{2} + 15x - 78}{2}$$
2. Express  $f(x) = x^{2} + 15x - 78$  in the form  $a(x - h)^{2} + k$ .
$$x = -\frac{b}{3} = \frac{15}{3} = \frac{15}{3} = \frac{2}{3} = 16.$$

$$A = -\frac{b}{2a} = \frac{15}{2(\frac{3}{4})} = \frac{15 \cdot \frac{2}{3} = 16}{5(\frac{3}{4})} = \frac{15 \cdot \frac{2}{3} = 16}{5(\frac{3}{4})(10^2)}$$

$$f(x) = -\frac{3}{4}(x-10)^2 - \frac{3}{4}(x-10)^2 - \frac{3}{4}(x-10)^2$$

3. Find the maximum or minimum value of  $g(x) = -2x^2 + 16x - 24$  and state clearly whether it is a maximum or a minimum.

$$a < 0$$
 so maximum is
$$g(-\frac{6}{2a}) = g(\frac{16}{2.2}) = g(4) = \frac{16}{2.2} = g(4) = \frac{16}{2.2} = \frac{16}{2} = \frac{16$$

**4.** An object is thrown upwards at time t = 0. The object's height h in feet above the ground t seconds later is given by the formula,

$$h = -16t^2 + 3t + 8.$$

Determine the exact number of seconds *t* required for the object to return to the ground.

$$0 = -16t^{2} + 3t + 8, so:$$

$$t = \frac{-3 \pm \sqrt{9 - 4(8)(-16)}}{2(-16)}, \text{ but only } = \frac{3 + \sqrt{9 + 4(8)(16)}}{32}$$

is positive!

5. Determine the range of the function  $h(x) = 6x^2 + 3x + 6$ .

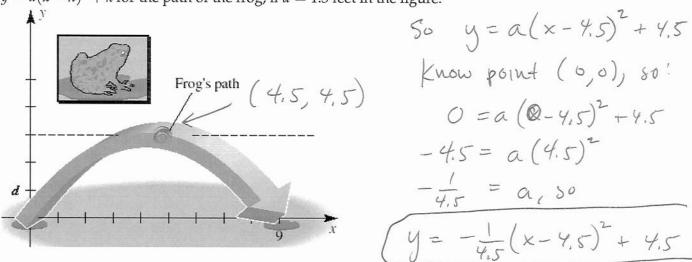
WARD as 0 so winimum of:  $x = \frac{b}{2a} = \frac{-3}{12} = -\frac{1}{4}$ 

winimum:  $f_1(-\frac{1}{4}) = 6(-\frac{1}{4})^2 + 3(-\frac{1}{4}) + 6$ , 56:

[2ANGE [6(-\frac{1}{4})^2 + 3(-\frac{1}{4}) + 6], 56]

6. Flights of leaping animals typically have parabolic paths. The figure below illustrates a frog jump. The

6. Flights of leaping animals typically have parabolic paths. The figure below illustrates a frog jump. The length of a leap is 9 feet, and the maximum height off the ground is 3d feet. Find an equation in the form  $y = a(x - h)^2 + k$  for the path of the frog, if d = 1.5 feet in the figure.



7. A business forms a model of its watch sales via a pricing function  $p(n) = 400 - \frac{50}{8}n$ , where n is the number of watches sold and p(n) is the sales price in dollars per watch.

a) Find the revenue function R(n) for this business.

$$R(n) = np(n) = \frac{50}{8}n^2$$

b) Find the number n sold which will maximize revenue.

$$\frac{-400}{2\left(-\frac{50}{8}\right)} = n. \text{ units}$$

c) What is the maximum revenue?

$$\mathbb{K}\left(\frac{+400}{2(\frac{50}{8})}\right) = \sqrt{\frac{400^2}{2(\frac{50}{8})}} - \frac{50}{8} \left(\frac{400}{2(\frac{50}{8})}\right)^2$$