

## Math 317: Homework 11

Due Friday, May 3, 2019

1. (34.4) Let  $f$  be the function,

$$f(t) = \begin{cases} t & t < 0 \\ t^2 + 1 & 0 \leq t \leq 2 \\ 0 & t > 2 \end{cases}$$

- a. Determine the function  $F(x) = \int_0^x f(t) dx$ .
  - b. Sketch  $F$ . Where is  $F$  continuous?
  - c. Where is  $F$  differentiable? Calculate  $F'$  at the points of differentiability.
2. (34.6) Let  $f$  be a continuous function on  $\mathbb{R}$  and define

$$F(x) = \int_0^{\sin x} f(t) dt \quad \text{for } x \in \mathbb{R}.$$

Show that  $F$  is differentiable on  $\mathbb{R}$  and compute  $F'$ .

3. (34.11) Suppose  $f$  is a continuous function on  $[a, b]$ . Show that if  $\int_a^b f(x)^2 dx = 0$ , then  $f(x) = 0$  for all  $x \in [a, b]$ .
4. (34.12) Show that if  $f$  is a continuous real-valued function on  $[a, b]$  satisfying  $\int_a^b f(x)g(x) dx = 0$  for every continuous function  $g$  on  $[a, b]$ , then  $f(x) = 0$  for all  $x \in [a, b]$ .
5. For this problem, you may use the results of questions (4) and (5) freely. Let  $C([a, b])$  be the set of all continuous functions on the interval  $[a, b]$ . Define a function

$$\langle \cdot, \cdot \rangle : C([a, b]) \times C([a, b]) \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$$

by,

$$\langle f, g \rangle = \int_a^b fg$$

- a. Let  $f, g, h \in C([a, b])$ . Show that  $\langle \cdot, \cdot \rangle$  is an *inner product*. That is, show each of:
  - $\langle f, g \rangle = \langle g, f \rangle$ .
  - $\langle af, g \rangle = a\langle f, g \rangle$ .
  - $\langle f + h, g \rangle = \langle f, g \rangle + \langle h, g \rangle$ .
  - $\langle f, f \rangle = 0$  if and only if  $f = 0$ .

- b. Let  $f \in C([a, b])$ . Show that if  $\langle f, g \rangle = 0$  for all  $g \in C([a, b])$ , then  $f = 0$ . In other words, you are showing that the only function *orthogonal* to all other functions with this inner product is the zero function.